

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY (CBCS) (2021-COURSE)

Computer Science & Engineering-AI&ML

B. Tech. Sem - I :SUMMER : 2023

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS FOR COMPUTING-I

Day : Tuesday

Time : 10:00 AM-01:00 PM

Date : 09-05-2023

S-23923-2023

Max. Marks : 60

N.B.

- 1) All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
- 2) Figures to the **RIGHT** indicate **FULL** marks.
- 3) Use of **non-programmable calculator** is allowed.
- 4) Assume suitable data **WHEREVER** necessary.
- 5) Draw neat diagram **WHEREVER** necessary.

Q.1 a) Reduce the matrix in Echelon form and find rank of : (10)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 \\ -2 & -1 & -3 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

Q.1 b) Test for consistency and if possible solve them. (10)

$$5x_1 + 3x_2 + 7x_3 = 4$$

$$3x_1 + 26x_2 + 2x_3 = 9$$

$$7x_1 + 2x_2 + 10x_3 = 5$$

Q.2 a) Express the following as a linear combination of $w = (5, 0, -1)$ with (10)
 $v_1 = (-2, 1, 3)$, $v_2 = (3, 1, -1)$, $v_3 = (-1, -2, 1)$.

OR

Q.2 b) Check whether the following are subspace of R^3 $w = \{(a, 0, 0) / a \in R\}$. (10)

Q.3 a) Find the Kernel of linear transform $T: V_3 \rightarrow V_2$ and its nullity for linear (10)
transformation T defined by $T(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (x_1 + 2x_2, x_2 + 3x_3)$

OR

Q.3 b) If T is a linear operator on R^3 defined by $T(x, y, z) = (2y + z, x - 4y, 3x)$, find the (10)
matrix T relative to the basis $\{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$.

Q.4 a) Let $T: R^3 \rightarrow R^3$ be a linear map defined by (10)

$$T(x, y, z) = (x + 2y - z, y + z, x + y - 2z)$$

Find the basis and dimension of the image U of T.

OR

Q.4 b) Let T is a linear operator on R^3 defined by $T(x, y, z) = (2y + z, x - 4y, 3x)$, find (10)
the matrix of T relative to the basis $\{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$.

Q.5 a) Verify Cauchy Schwartz inequality for the vector $u = (-4, 2, 1)$ and (10)
 $v = (8, -4, -2)$.

OR

Q.5 b) Verify Pythagorean theorem for the vectors $u = (3, 0, 1, 0, 4, -1)$ and (10)
 $v = (-2, 5, 0, 2, -3, -18)$.

PTO

Q.6 a) Find latent root and latent vector for

(10)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

Q.6 b) Find latent root and latent vector for

(10)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 10 & 5 \\ -2 & -3 & -4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

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